NABU 1991-80 Wayne Horowitz

A Kettle-Drum Ritual during Iyar Seleucid Era 85 – The astronomical diary Sachs-Hunger Diaries II -226 records the celebration of a ritual during the second month of the year, *ajaru*, Seleucid era 85 :

	20'	arhu šuātu(itu.bi)
	21'	[] x ma bit mu-um-ma la ep-šú
	22'	[] x pu-ha-du ik-ta-as-su-ú ^{urudu} l[i-l]i-
su 1		
	23'	[K]A.INIM in-da-nu
		LBAT 288+289 20'-23'
	(= Sachs-Hunger Diaries II p.132 rev. 20'-23', Photo pl. 95).	
	20'	that month
	21'	[] the workshop were not made/done.
	22'	[]lambs they bound, the ket[tle-d]rum
	23'	[in]cantation(s) he recited

This ritual may be compared with the ritual *arāmu ša lilissi siparri* « The Covering of the Bronze Kettle-Drum ». This ritual is known both from four versions of the ritual edited by F. Thureau-Dangin in Racc. 10-33, as well as five additional pieces from the Resh Temple in Uruk published by W. Mayer as Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5-9.² The related text O 175 (F. Thureau-Dangin RA 16 144-156) presents a theological-mystical commentary to the bronze kettle-drum ritual with a diagram of the ceremony.³

The astronomical diary itself opens with a reference to the $b\bar{v}t$ mummi « temple workshop »,⁴ and then notes three elements of the ritual. The sacrifice of *puhādū* « lambs », the presence of the kettle-drum, and the recitation of incantations. Similar elements are present in examples of the ritual *arāmu ša lilissi siparri*. The *bīt mummi*, workshop, where the bull-skin for covering the bronze kettle-drum is prepared and placed on the drum, occurs in TCL 6 44, IVR 23 1, and Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5-7.⁵ Instructions for the actual covering of the bronze kettle-drum itself survive in TCL 6 44 ii 25, KAR 60 rev. 8, and IVR 32 1 i 7,⁶ and both TCL 6 44 i 1 and Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5 : 1 preserve parts of the opening line of the ritual : *enūma lilissi siparru ana arāmi ana pānūka* « When the bronze kettle-drum is before you for covering ». Incantations are recited in all four of the rituals edited by F. Thureau-Dangin in Racc., as well as

in Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5.7

The ritual in the astronomical diary may or may not be the standard ritual for « The covering of the Bronze Kettle-Drum » although the ritual in the diary does refer to sheep, the $b\bar{t}t$ mummi, and a kettle-drum. First, $puh\bar{a}d\bar{u}$ « lambs » are sacrificed in line 22' rather than the more general ^{udu}niqû « sacrificial sheep » as in the standard rituals.⁸ Second, Sachs-Hunger Diaries II 132 rev. 21' states that something(s) are not done in the $b\bar{t}t$ nummi, and third, the astronomical diary preserves ^{unudu}lilissu, written with the determinative for copper, rather than the usual *lilissi siparri* « bronze kettle-drum ». Thus, Sachs-Hunger Diaries II 132 rev. 20'-23' may preserve an unorthodox kettle-drum ceremony.

In any case, the celebration of a kettle-drum ritual in the astronomical diary for -226 (= SE 85) is not the first attestation of such rituals in astronomical diaries. Both the *nēpešu ša arāmu ša li*[*lissi siparri*] « The ritual for the covering of the bronze ket[tle-drum] », as well as the ritual for the renovation of temples *enūma iqār bīt ili iqâpu* « When the Wall of a Temple Buckles », including a recitation of the incantation *enūma* d*anu ibnû šamê* « When Anu Built the Heavens », are performed by exorcists and lamentation priests 44 years earlier in the astronomical diary for -270 (= SE 41) (Hunger-Pingree Diaries I p. 352 rev. 13, 354 rev. 15-17).⁹

¹Sachs-Hunger Diaries II p. 132 rev. 22' reads ^{kusl}[*i-l*]*i-su* but both the photograph and Sachs'copy in LBAT support the reading ^{uvudu}lilissu « kettle-drum » and no examples of *lilissu* with the *kuš* determinative are attested in CAD or AHw. For kettle-drums made of *urudu* = (w)erû « copper », as opposed to kettle-drums of *UD.KA.BAR* = *siparru* « bronze », see TCL 5 6055 ii 9, ABL 1092 rev. 13-14 ; MSL 7 153 : 191-192. For other drums written with the *urudu* determinative see CAD N_{II} 215 **niqkalaqû* and MSL VII 153 : 193-196 (Urgud). For kettle-drums made of *siparru* see J.A. Brinkman in D. Curtis *Bronze-Working Centres of Western Asia* 140 n. 44. In this article *urudu* = (w)*erû* will be translated in the traditional manner as « copper », and *siparru* likewise will be translated as « bronze », although it cannot be certain that the « copper »-determinative *urudu* in ^{urudu}*lilissu* in Sachs-Hunger Diaries II p.132 rev. 22' indicates that the kettle-drum is made of copper, rather than bronze or another « non-iron » metal (see J.A. Brinkman Ibid 137). Furthermore, Neo-Assyrian and Neo-Babylonian texts do not always differentiate between the copper and bronze (see J.A. Brinkman ibid 136-138 with further bibliography), and no study of this problem exists for the Hellenistic period.

²Racc. 10-33 No.1 = TCL 6 44 ; No. 2 = KAR 60 ; No. 3 = KAR 50//BBR II 56 ; No. 4 = IVR 23 1 (+K 9421) see HKL II 229. For further bibliography see W. Mayer, Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 p. 16. An edition of Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 6 is published by W. Mayer in Or. 47 432-437. For English and German translations see ANET 334-338, TUAT II/2 234-236.

³For an edition of O 175 and the partial duplicate AO 17626 (F. Thureau-Dangin, RA 41 30-32) see now also A. Livingstone, *Mystical and Mythological Explanatory Works of Assyrian and Babylonian Scholars* (1986), 187-204.

⁴For the *bīt mummi* see W. Mayer, Or 47 (1978) 437 n. 41.

⁵TCL 6 44 i 7-9, 11; IVR 23 1 iv 25; Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5: 7, 6: 41, 7 rev. 7'.

⁶When complete, Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5 : 28, which duplicates parts of KAR 60 rev. 7-8, almost certainly preserved the instruction for covering the bronze kettle-drum.

⁷TCL 6 44 ii 9-10 ; KAR 60 10, 12 ; KAR 50 obv., rev. 11 ; IVR 23 i 8-25 ; Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5 : 19, 21.

⁸TCL 6 44 ii 3, 5, 33, iii 18; IVR 23 1 iii 27; Bagd. Mitt. Beih. 2 5: 13.

⁹For these two rituals see the author's article « Antiochus I, Esagil, and A Celebration of the Ritual for Renovation of Temples » (*RA* 85, 1991, 75-77). Note also rituals in Sachs-Hunger Diaries II p. 14 : 20'; 68 B' obv. 5'; 130 -226 4'; 134 : 18-19; 202 : 14-19; 330 rev. 4' -332 : 17'; 404 : 14'.

Dr. Wayne Horowitz (13-08-91) Assyriology, The Hebrew Univ. of Jerusalem Jerusalem, Israël